

## Filter Configuration

### Post Widget Target

This setting specifies the CSS selector for the post widget that the filter will target. You can use either IDs or class selectors. Here are examples of valid selectors:

- #id (for targeting by ID)
- .class (for targeting by class)

Ensure that the selector uniquely identifies the target widget to apply the filter correctly.

### Post Type to Filter

This option lets you select the type of post you want to filter. For example, you can filter by post types like post, page, or custom post types defined by your WordPress theme or plugins. Choose the post type based on the content you want the filter to target.

### Columns

This control allows you to set the number of columns for displaying filter elements. The available options range from 1 to 8 columns. The number of columns you choose will impact the layout and appearance of the filter on your page. Consider the overall design of your website to ensure that the filter is well-integrated and user-friendly.

### Group Label

Use this field to enter a label for the filter group. This label can be helpful for categorizing related filters, making it easier for users to navigate through the filtering options. It can also enhance the visual structure of your filter, particularly when multiple filter groups are used.

### Data Source

This setting allows you to choose the source of data for the filter. The available options are:

- **Taxonomy:** Use this to filter posts based on taxonomy terms (e.g., categories, tags).
- **Custom Field:** Use this option for filtering based on custom fields associated with posts.
- **Custom Field (Numeric):** Select this option to filter based on numeric custom field values.

### Select a Taxonomy

This option lets you choose a taxonomy for the filter. It is available when “Taxonomy” is selected as the data source. You can select from any registered taxonomy, including default ones like category or tag, or custom taxonomies created by plugins or themes.

### Custom Field Filter Settings

#### Field Key

This field allows you to enter the meta key for custom field filtering. It is available when either “Custom Field” or “Custom Field (Numeric)” is selected as the data source. Ensure you use the correct meta key

associated with the custom field data you want to filter by. If unsure, you can find the meta key by inspecting the post's custom fields in the WordPress admin.

### **Before**

This option lets you insert text before the value in the filter field. It is only available when "Custom Field (Numeric)" is selected as the data source and "Range" is chosen as the filter type. This can be useful for adding units to numeric values (e.g., "Price: \$").

### **Filter Type (Numeric)**

This setting allows you to choose the type of filter for numeric fields. The available options are:

- **Range:** Allows users to specify a range of values.
- **Checkboxes:** Multiple numeric values can be selected.
- **Radio Buttons:** Allows selecting a single numeric value.
- **Label List:** Displays a list of labels that can be selected.
- **Dropdown:** Displays numeric values in a dropdown format for selection.

### **Field Type and User Interaction**

#### **Field Type**

This setting allows you to choose the type of filter for custom fields. The available options are:

- **Checkboxes:** Multiple selections allowed.
- **Radio Buttons:** Only one selection allowed.
- **Label List:** A list of labels that can be selected.
- **Dropdown:** Displays options in a dropdown format.
- **Select2:** An enhanced dropdown with search functionality.
- **Input Field:** Allows users to input their own value.

#### **Enable Multiple Select**

Enable or disable multiple selections for the Select2 field type. This feature allows users to select multiple terms from the dropdown, providing a more flexible filtering experience when dealing with multiple values.

#### **Placeholder**

This field lets you set a placeholder text for the input field filter type. Placeholder text can guide users by showing them what type of data to enter, such as "Enter a value" or "Search terms."

### **Sorting and Display Options**

#### **Sort By**

This option lets you choose the criterion for sorting terms. The available options are:

- **Name:** Sort terms alphabetically by name.
- **Slug:** Sort terms by their URL-friendly version.
- **Count:** Sort terms by the number of posts associated with them.
- **Term Group:** Sort terms by their term group.
- **Term Order:** Sort terms based on the order defined in the WordPress admin.
- **Term ID:** Sort terms by their unique identifier.

### **Display Empty Terms**

Choose whether to display terms that have no posts associated with them. Enabling this option might help users see all possible filter choices, even if some terms don't currently have posts.

### **Grouping Filters and Logic**

#### **Group Logic**

This setting allows you to choose the logical operator for grouping filters. The logic will only apply within the same group of filters. The available options are:

- **OR:** Any filter in the group can match.
- **AND:** All filters in the group must match.

#### **Show Post Count**

Enable or disable the display of post counts next to each term in the filter. This can help users understand how many posts are associated with each term, providing additional context when making filtering decisions.

#### **Show Hierarchy**

This option allows you to enable or disable the display of hierarchical terms. Available for specific field types and taxonomies, this can help display parent/child term relationships, enhancing the organization of terms like categories or tags.

#### **Toggle Child Terms**

This option allows toggling child terms within hierarchical displays. When enabled, users can click to expand or collapse child terms in a taxonomy. This setting is available for specific field types and taxonomies, offering greater flexibility in displaying hierarchical data.

### **Advanced Filter Settings**

#### **More/Less**

Enable or disable the “More/Less” functionality for non-list, non-dropdown, and non-Select2 fields. This functionality allows users to expand or collapse the filter options, making the interface more compact when there are too many choices. This is not applicable to Numeric filters.

### **More/Less (Numeric)**

Enable or disable the “More/Less” functionality for Numeric fields. This is specifically for non-list, non-dropdown, and non-Select2 fields and excludes range filters. It allows you to limit the number of displayed options and let users toggle to see more if needed.

### **Reset and Submit Controls**

#### **Filter List**

This control lets you manage a list of filters with their titles and criteria. By default, the list includes:

- **Filter by category**

You can customize this list to include additional filters based on taxonomy, custom fields, or any other criteria you want to offer.

#### **Parent Options**

This section allows you to configure settings for parent filter options. Parent filters typically determine how child filters behave, enabling more complex filtering scenarios.

#### **Parent Logic**

This setting defines the logical operator for parent filters. It applies only to groups of filters that share the same type (either post meta or taxonomy). The available options are:

- **AND:** All filters in the group must match.
- **OR:** Any filter in the group can match.

### **Display and User Experience**

#### **Dynamic Archive Filtering**

Enable or disable the dynamic filtering of archive pages. This setting applies to taxonomy archives or custom post types, allowing you to filter results directly on the page.

#### **Display Reset Button**

This option allows you to enable or disable the reset button.

#### **Reset Button Text**

This field allows you to set the text for the reset button. This option is only applicable if the reset button is enabled.

#### **Display Submit Button**

This option allows you to enable or disable the submit button.

**Submit Button Text**

This field allows you to set the text for the submit button. This option is only applicable if the submit button is enabled.

**Scroll to Top**

This option allows you to enable or disable automatic scrolling to the top after applying the filter.

**Nothing Found Message**

This field allows you to set the message displayed when no results are found. The default message is: “It seems we can’t find what you’re looking for.”